

**Amendments to the Specification**

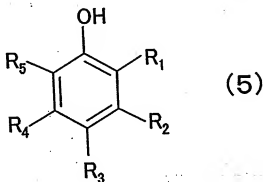
On page 1, please delete the paragraph beginning in line 4 and insert:

This application is a continuation-in-part of our copending U.S. patent application no. 10/797,706 filed March 10, 2004, which is now U.S. Patent 7,023,098 and is based on Japanese patent application No. 2003-083637 and Japanese patent application No. 2003-083938, the content of which is incorporated hereinto by reference.

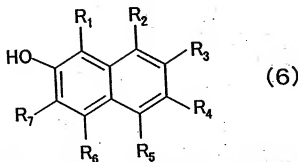
On page 13, please replace the paragraph beginning on line 4 and continuing on page 14, lines 1 and 2, with the following:

Compound (F) containing two and more hydroxyl groups combined with each of adjacent carbon atoms comprising an aromatic ring may contain optionally a substituent other than the hydroxyl groups.

Compound (F) may be a monocyclic compound represented by general formula (5):



wherein one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> is hydroxyl and the other is hydrogen, hydroxyl or a substituent other than hydroxyl; and R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are hydrogen, hydroxyl or a substituent other than hydroxyl; or a polycyclic compound represented by general formula (6):



wherein one of R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> is hydroxyl and the other is hydrogen, hydroxyl or a substituent other than ~~hydroxyl~~hydroxyl; and R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen, hydroxyl or a substituent other than hydroxyl.

On page 16, please replace the paragraph beginning with "Example 1" (line 26 to page 17, line 17) with the following:

Example 1

A phenol biphenylaralkyl type epoxy resin (Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd., NC3000-P, epoxy equivalent: 274, "n" in formula (1) is 2.8 as an average, softening point: 58 °C): 7.35 wt parts;

phenol biphenylaralkyl resin (Meiwa Kasei Co., Ltd., MEH-7851SS, hydroxyl equivalent 203, "n" in formula (2) is 2.5 as an average, softening point: 65 °C): 5.5 wt parts;

spherical fused silica (average particle size: 30 μm): 86.0 wt parts;

~~γ-glycidylpropyl-trimethoxysilane~~ γ-glycidoxypropyl-trimethoxysilane: 0.4 wt parts;

triphenyl phosphine: 0.2 wt parts;

2,3-dihydroxynaphthalene (Reagent grade): 0.05 wt parts;

carnauba wax: 0.2 wt parts; and

carbon black: 0.3 wt parts

were mixed in a mixer at an ambient temperature, followed by melt kneading by a heating roller at 80 to 100 °C, cooling and then grinding to obtain an epoxy resin composition. The resultant epoxy resin composition was evaluated as follows. The evaluation results are shown in Table 1.

Please replace Table 1 on page 21 with the following table:

TABLE 1

	Example												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Phenol biphenylalkyl type epoxy resin	735	4.0	8.05	7.5	7.13	7.42	7.35	7.35	7.35	7.35	7.35	7.35	7.35
Biphenyl type epoxy resin	1.0												
Phenol biphenylalkyl resin	5.5	2.5	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.45	5.45
Phenolalkyl resin	1.3												
Spherical fused silica	86.0	90.0	84.5	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0
γ-Glycidypropoxytrimethoxysilane	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.05	0.85	0.03	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
γ-Methacryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane													
Triphenylphosphine	0.2	0.13	0.25	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2		
DBU											0.2		
Curing accelerator of formula (7)												0.25	
Curing accelerator of formula (6)													0.25
2,3-Dihydroxyphenylene	0.05	0.07	0.1	0.25	0.02	0.35				0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
1,2-Dihydroxyphenylene							0.05						
Catechol								0.05					
Pyrazole									0.05				
1,8-Dihydroxynaphthalene													
Resorcinol													
Ceramide wax	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Carbon black	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Solvent flow	100	85	121	115	86	118	104	89	113	105	102	112	105
Chip delamination (%)	45	61	65	60	68	58	63	64	61	63	61	65	69
Curing torque ratio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solder resistance-checking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Internal crack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fire retardancy	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0	V-0

Please replace Table 2 on page 22 with the following table:

TABLE 2

	Comparative Example														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Picral biarylethyl type epoxy resin	7.4	5.6	8.5	8.4			7.4	7.1	7.5	7.412	7.6	7.35	7.4	7.35	7.35
Biphenyl type epoxy resin		0.9													
Cresol novolac type epoxy resin					6.8										
Picral biarylethyl resin	5.5	2.3	6.35				5.5	5.25	5.52	5.48	5.45	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Picral ethyl resin		1.0			6.0										
Picral novolac resin				3.5											
Picral fused silica	86.0	81.0	85.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0	86.0
$\gamma$ -Glycidypropylmethoxypolyethersulfone	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
7-Mercapto-2-propylmethoxypolyethersulfone															
7-Mercapto-2-propylmethoxypolyethersulfone	0.2	0.13	0.25	0.15	0.15	0.2	0.2	0.09	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2		
DEU													0.2	0.25	
Curing accelerator of formula (7)															0.25
Curing accelerator of formula (8)															
2,2'-Dichlorodiphenylmethane	0.07	0.1	0.05	0.05			0.05								
1,2-Dichlorodiphenylmethane															
Chloroalcohol															
Propylene glycol												0.05			
1,6-Dichlorodiphenylmethane															
Stearic acid	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Carbazole wax	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Carbon black															
Sisal fiber	80	63	125	76	71	82	118	114	78	81	78	81	69	68	77
Curing torque ratio (%)	65	62	65	67	70	62	22	7	65	58	65	64	57	65	69
Curing torque ratio		chip	0	2	chip	3	chip	0	1	8	5	4	4	2	3
Solder resistance-cracking		chip	0	2	chip	3	chip	0	1	8	5	4	4	2	3
Chip delamination	0	excessure	2	10	excessure	0	Poor	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Internal crack	V-0	V-0	V-1	V-1	V-1	H3	V-0	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G
Fire retardancy	V-0	V-0	V-1	V-1	V-1	H3	V-0	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G	V-G